**GGCAT** IS UNS ATGGCAT IS MCY SAT ΑT DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

1.6

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 10

STR

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

17 19 OH OH 14 15 CH2 16 0 CH2 18 N ^Hy-^O-^Hy-^O-^Hy-^O-^C-^CH-^CO2H 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13

NODE ATTRIBUTES: CONNECT IS X1 RC AT 15 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 19

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L7417 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L2 SSS FUL (L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6) 92 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L7 AND NA=>1 CONE OF MOYC L8Sodiums present

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Page 3 Searcher Shears 571-272-2528 L10 ANSWER 1 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

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TITLE:

Heparin dodecasaccharide binding to platelet factor-4 and growth-related protein- $\alpha$ . Induction of a partially folded state and

implications for heparin-induced thrombocytopenia

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 $\alpha ext{-Chemokines}$  are known heparin-binding proteins. Here, a heparin dodecasaccharide (H12) was purified and used in NMR studies to investigate binding to growth-related protein- $\alpha$  (Gro- $\alpha$ ) and to platelet factor-4-M2 (PF4-M2), an N-terminal chimera of PF4. Pulsed field gradient NMR was used to derive diffusion coeffs. as the protein (monomer): H12 ratio was varied. In the absence of H12, both PF4-M2 and  $Gro-\alpha$  give diffusion coeffs. consistent with the presence of mostly dimers. As the PF4-M2:H12 ratio is increased from 1:6 to 2:1, the diffusion coefficient increases, indicating dissociation to the monomer state. On addition of H12 to either protein, 15N/1H heteronuclear single quantum coherence NMR data demonstrate loss of 1H resonance dispersion and intensity, particularly at protein: H12 ratios of 2:1 to 4:1, indicating significant perturbation to native structures. For  $\text{Gro-}\alpha$  in particular, 1H resonance dispersion appears random coil-like. At these same ratios, CD data show general retention of secondary structure elements with a slight shift to addnl. helix formation. Random coil NMR resonance dispersion suggests a shift to a less compact, partially folded, and/or more flexible state. Further addition of H12 causes resonance intensity and dispersion to return making NMR spectra appear native-like. At low PF4-M2:H12 ratios, loss of resonance intensity for residues proximal to Arg-20 and Arg-22 in three-dimensional NMR HCCH-TOCSY spectra suggests that the Arg-20-Arg-22 loop either interacts most strongly with H12 and/or that binding at this site is heterogeneous. This domain was previously shown to be crucial to heparin binding. Of particular interest to the biol. of PF4-heparin complex formation, heparin-induced thrombocytopenia antibody binding occurs at about the same PF4-M2:H12 ratio as does this transition to a partially folded PF4-M2 state, strongly suggesting that heparin-induced thrombocytopenia antibody recognizes a less folded, lower aggregate state of the protein.

IT 164082-56-8

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (structural alterations in heparin dodecasaccharide binding to platelet factor-4 and growth-related protein-α and implications for heparin-induced thrombocytopenia)

RN 164082-56-8 HCAPLUS

CN D-Glucose, 0-4-deoxy-2-0-sulfo-α-L-threo-hex-4-enopyranuronosyl-